

Stock Shares, and Money.
AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL INVESTMENT AND BUILDING COMPANY, Limited.

Capital \$100,000.
RESERVE FUND, \$7000.

DEPOSITS TO ANY EXTENT
Received at the following rates:-
5 per cent. per annum all call
... ... 1 month 1 month
... ... 3 months 1 month
... ... 6 months 1 month
... ... 12 months 1 month

In addition to the interest allowed, deposits for 12 months participate the profits.

Extract from our Report:-
The net profit, after deducting all expenses, amount to £2992 £6s. 6d., which your directors propose to appropriate as follows:-
To pay dividends to shareholders, 25 per cent. per annum 1000 £16 3
To payment of bonus to depositors, 1 per cent. per annum 1000 £16 3
To payment of bonus to borrowers, 3 per cent. per annum 1000 £16 3
To payment of bonus to Reserve Fund, 7 per cent. ... 7000 0 0
Leaving a balance to credit of profit and loss of - 2892 16 3

Tenders.
BOROUGH OF WOLLONGONG.

TENDERS FOR KERBING AND GUTTERING.

TENDERS will be received at the Council-chamber up to 7 o'clock p.m., next, for Kerbing and Guttering in Crown-street, Wollongong.

Tenders to state separately for Stone, Brick, Concrete, and Wood.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Council-chamber.

The Council does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

HENRY HUMBLETON,
Town Clerk.

Council-chamber,
18th February, 1885.

BOROUGH OF BALMAIN.

TENDERS are invited up to 4 o'clock p.m. on TUESDAY, 24th February, for the erection of Waiting Rooms at Mort and Stephen streets wharves.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Town Hall during office hours.

The Council is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

H. J. MACINTYRE, Council Clerk.

Town Hall, 10th February, 1885.

W A S T E R S P A C E R.

TENDERS for the Purchase and Removal of a large quantity of Paper will be received at this office until SATURDAY, 28th instant, to be endorsed for delivery to Mr. J. M. McNamee, 16, Pitt-street, Sydney.

Specimens will be sent on application at the Town Hall during office hours.

H. B. MACINTYRE, Council Clerk.

16th February, 1885.

D R A F T S O N L O N D O N.

TENDERS will be received up to noon, on TUESDAY, 24th instant, for the Purchase of £4000 DRAFTS on Imperial Government.

EDWARD A. AMPLIETT,
Paymaster-in-Charge.

Naval Depot, February 23, 1885.

F R I N C H C O N S U L T A T I O N S , S Y D N E Y .

1. NOTICE is hereby given that on or before the 8th of next March, at 2 p.m., in the Office of the Colonial Secretary (Direction of Pictures), at Noumea, New Caledonia:-

Sealed tenders for the Supply of Postage and Merchandise to
Agents of Passengers, Mail, and Merchandise between Noumea, Loyalty Islands, and New Hebrides.

from the 1st of April next to the last day of February, 1886.

The Tender should be stamped, and accompanied by a first deposit of £25.

The successful tender will be required to complete his security to the extent of £250.

2. TENDERS ARE ALSO INVITED, in the same manner, for Transport and Cofl. of Passengers, Mail, and Merchandise between Noumea, and other different points of New Caledonia; and also between Noumea, in Front Bay, ile des Pins, Loyalty Islands, and New Hebrides.

from the 1st of March, 1886, until the last day of February, 1887, as required by the same Direction do. do. do.

The Tender is divided into two parts:-

L. COASTAL POSTAGE, and
L. COASTAL MAIL, or about £200.

Post deposit, 10,000 francs, or about £400.

2. ILE DES PINES, LOYALTY, and NEW HEBRIDES.

from the 1st of March, 1886, until the last day of February, 1887.

Full particulars may be obtained for these tenders at 11 a.m. till 4 p.m.

J. DECOURT,
French Consul.

Sydney, February 20, 1885.

I N T E R E S T E D E S T A T E O F G E O R G E H A R R I S O N , o f t h e 16th Street, Sydney.

TENDERS will be received up to the 8th instant for the Purchase of the Curator's right, title, and interest in deceased's half share of goodwill, shop fittings, and furniture, &c.

THOMAS POWELL,
Curator of Intestate Estates.

Sydney Court, February 20, 1885.

M E M P H I S K E Y S A N D C H A C K N E L L I N V I T E S

for Building a Triple-decked Passenger Steamer.

For plans and specifications apply at their offices, Bond-street-chambers.

N E W P R E M I S E S I N P I T T A N D R O W E S T R E E T S

for the Mercantile Mutual Insurance Company, LIMITED.

TENDERS for the above are to be delivered in our office THIS DAY (MONDAY).

MANSFIELD BROTHERS, Architects.

151, Pitt-street, Sydney.

Department of Public Instruction, Sydney.

19th February, 1885.

T E N D E R S F O R R E T A I N I N G W A L L A N D

IMPROVEMENTS.

TENDERS are invited for Erection of a Retaining Wall, and for Improvements, at the site of the proposed new Building.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the architect, &c., to whom tenders are to be delivered on or before TUESDAY, 27th February, 1885.

The Minister does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

W. J. TRICKETT,

Town Clerk's Office, Sydney.

21st February, 1885.

P A I N T E R S A N D O T H E R S.

TENDERS will be received at this office till 12 o'clock on TUESDAY, 24th instant, for Coating the Columns and Cupola of Town Hall, with two coats of lined oil.

Particulars at office of the City Architect.

CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT,
Town Clerk.

11th February, 1885.

S P E C I A L A R R A N G E M E N T S F O R L A R G E S U M S .

EDWARD J. BRYANT, Manager.

Office, City-chambers, 266, Pitt-street.

W. KILGOUR, Manager.

The Mechanics' Building, Land, and Discount Company.

Capital, \$50,000, with interest to \$100,000.

THE FOLLOWING RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED.

DEPOSITS AT CALL 5 per cent.

... ... 4 months 6 per cent.

... ... 12 months 7 per cent.

DEPOSITS ALLOWED 6 per cent. for 12 months.

EXCEPT IN THE ADVANTAGEOUS TERM.

Fixed deposits allowed 6 per cent. for 12 months.

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Medical, Chemicals, &c.

MARSHALL'S TONIC NERVINE, the great Nerve Tonic, is a certain cure for nervous debility.
MARSHALL'S TONIC NERVINE, by its vitalising properties, restores the system's pristine vigour.
MARSHALL'S TONIC NERVINE cures all nerve affections, neuralgia, nervous toothache.
MARSHALL'S TONIC NERVINE is the best known nerve tonic, and a valuable nerve restorer.
MARSHALL'S TONIC NERVINE promotes appetite, improves digestion, and nourishes the whole system.
MARSHALL'S TONIC NERVINE is acknowledged worth its weight in gold. Price, 4s. 6d., Market-st.
INVALID VISITORS to Sydney.—**SENIOR'S PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANY**, 18 Pitt-street, have a large stock of the medicines of the Pharmacopœia, the new preparations not included in it, and all the modern appliances for dispensing. On account of the difficulty in getting raw materials, however, they are unable to compete in the work of manipulation, and have established a regular system of dispensing, if anything, similar to what is found in the United States, and are making a good business. The majority of patent medicines are sold under English and foreign retail prices, but a trifle lower cost.

HALL OF PHARMACY, 178, KING-STREET.

Physicians' prescriptions carefully prepared with drugs of the purest quality. Medicines supplied for household and whipping purposes, under the personal supervision of the undersigned.

DRUGS—**DRUGS**—**DRUGS**—**DRUGS**—**DRUGS**—**DRUGS**

Syrup of Hypophosphite of Lime.

Grimault and Co. (Paris).

Persons suffering from Cachexia, Consumption, Colds, or oblique Coughs, and generally those afflicted with any of the diseases of the Liver, Gall-bladder, Stomach, &c., will find the Syrup of Hypophosphite of Lime, which prescribed for years past by the medical authorities of all countries, has invariably effected wonderful cures.

It is remarkable how the tonus of the entire system is increased, and the appetite rapidly improves—a fact soon demonstrated by an increase of weight and improved appearance.

COLD-LET'S Syrup is of a rose colour, and contains infant extract.

Sold by all Chemists throughout the colonies.

DR. BRIGHAM'S PHOSPHODYNE, the only reliable Remedy for Nervous Debility, Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Lassitude, Neuralgia, Fainting, &c., and all Chronic Diseases of the System.

DR. BRIGHAM'S PHOSPHODYNE is highly recommended by the medical faculty. Thoroughly recruits and re-establishes health. Sold by all Chemists throughout the colonies.

SWETT'S MIRACLE WATER.

as supplied.

His MAJESTY THE QUEEN AND ROYAL FAMILY, can be supplied with all their requirements for Household, and chemists throughout the colonies.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS, Wholesale Agents, Pitt-street.

INDIAN CHAPATI AND CANNABIS INDICA.

Remedy for Neuralgia, Debility, Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Lassitude, Neuralgia, Fainting, &c., and all Chronic Diseases of the System.

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ARRIVAL OF THE ENGLISH MAIL AT ADELAIDE.

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

THE GERMAN COLONIAL POLICY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

ADELAIDE, SATURDAY.

The Orient Company's R.M.S. Chimborazo arrived late last night from London, via Naples. The following is a list of her passengers:-

For SYDNEY.—Mr. and Mrs. G. Sankey, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Stuart, Miss E. Wrage, Captain Love, Munnell, Mr. Hay, W. Cross, Meares, L. Lindon, Naviland, E. A. Cakes, Fullack, Leigh, Dr. Giggins, Meares, W. B. Young, Wilshire, A. E. Webster, and Chamberlain.

For MELBOURNE.—Mr. and Mrs. Lee and child, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Robertson and family, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. Hazelton, Miss Hazelton, Miss R. N. Clarke and family, Mrs. E. Smith, Mrs. Burns and family, Mr. and Mrs. Nalline, Miss Lee and child, Mrs. Clifton and family, Miss N. Siddle, Miss Nollins, Mrs. Turpin, Miss L. Hawes, Miss Kirkishan, Mrs. Bloxham, Mr. and Mrs. Mackay, Mrs. G. Croydon, Meares, Werham, Dugdale, Power, Clay, Boddington, Nashton, Bryant, Siddle, Miss E. Holland.

For Adelaid.—Mr. and Mrs. D. Reid, Miss Kirkland, Miss Barber, Miss Collins, Meares, Cain, North, Powell, Grimes, Woods and family, and 175 third-class.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

LONDON, JAN. 16.

The first monthly house dinner of the Empire Club took place last night, Viscount Bury presiding. The chairman said the question of federation had not been approached from the right end. "The tie binding the mother-country and the colonies was now as strong as anything could ever make it, and the sending of delegates from the end of the world to sit in London would not strengthen the present federation, which was daily growing." The right way was to cement the union of the colonies with the mother-country, and to encourage its perpetuation by organization and giving it a local habitation and a name. Sir C. Tupper thought it would not be easy to adopt a Parliamentary system of federation, and improving upon the institutions already in existence. He rejoiced, however, that the leading men of both the great English parties were united in their efforts to devise the best measures to bind the colonies and the mother-country still closer. Sir Saul called the belief of the mother-country and the colonies could not be made more complete. He regarded the idea of Imperial federation as a delusion. He had, however, joined the Federation League from the hope of anything being accomplished by the movement, but to enlighten the League with his experience in colonial affairs. It was a mistake to allow the colonies to have small debts for their defence. A better plan would be for the Imperial Government to provide the necessary naval force. His advice on the whole was to let the colonies alone. If ever England became involved in war they would readily come forward and help with their last man and last shilling.

A conference which was held on the evening of the 14th, at the Memorial Hall, in Farringdon-street, Mr. George Potter being the chairman, adopted resolutions in favour of Imperial federation as the best means of maintaining the development of the trade of the country, and furthering the industrial interests of the wage-earning classes. A letter was read from the Earl of Rosebery and Mr. W. E. Forster, who both described federation as pre-eminently a working man's question.

The event of the week has been the speech of Prince Bismarck on the German colonial policy, delivered in the Reichstag on the evening of the 14th. The debate was opened by the demand for a credit of £100,000 to furnish steam-launches for the German Colonies, which the Reichstag finally voted without referring it to the Budget Committee. Dr. Windthorst, in the course of the debate, asked whether Germany, surrounded as she was by environs Powers, could safely maintain her position on land, and at the same time proceed with the colonial expansion of her empire? Prince Bismarck replied that Germany had no enemies. The alliance with Russia and Austria formed a strong bond capable of bearing much stress from other quarters. Germany's relations with Italy and Spain were very friendly, while with France she had not been on such good terms since 1866. With England Germany was on good terms, though it was not to be wondered at that England, in her consciousness that Britain ruled the waves, should look on in some surprise when her land-uberry German cousin had gone. She went to sea; but time-honoured friendly relations existed between England and Germany, which both Governments did well to maintain. Prince Bismarck also said that the English Government fully understood the opinions of many British subjects regarding their German colonial policy, they should scarcely be able to support the English policy in other questions which deeply interested England, without incurring the disapproval of the German people. They should perhaps be forced to support without wishing it those who were adversaries to England.

Sir Charles Duke, speaking at Kensington on the 12th, formally contradicted the report that Germany was endeavouring to negotiate a protectorate over Zanzibar. Alluding to the colonial foreign policy of the Government, he said that recent events might force the Government to partly modify it. The policy of the past, which had been the wisest as a colonial policy, might have to be exchanged for a policy which was abnormally less wise, but which would be more suited to the facts having to be dealt with at the present time.

Police-councillor Rumpf was murdered at Frankfort by stabbing, the dagger penetrating his heart. The crime is attributed to Socialists, in the prosecution of whom Rumpf had taken an active part. The murder caused great excitement in Germany, and a reward of 5000 marks has been offered for the apprehension of the murderer.

GLEN INNES PASTORAL AND AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY'S SHOW.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

GLEN INNES, SATURDAY.

The attendance at the agricultural show-to-day was very large, fully 1500 people being present. The society's prize (15 guineas) for the best draught stallion, to be won two years in succession, was won by Mr. J. Haffey's Royal George; and Meares, Albrecht, and Onus's Prince of Wales was commended. A splendid array of ladies' and gentlemen's hockeys paraded in the ring. Mr. W. T. Cadell's iron galloway was awarded the prize for both lady's and gentlemen's hockeys, and Miss Horan for the best lady rider. The prize for the best galloway was awarded to Mr. Biddle's chestnut gelding. The jumping contest caused great excitement, there being a splendid exhibition, and after a hard tussle the prize was awarded to Mr. McLean's Iron. The best in the cattle section, Mr. H. M. McLean's Rydene took first prize, and Mr. J. Corbett's Offenham second. The collection of iron mouldings manufactured by the Glen Innes Iron Foundry, the property of Mr. John Sulley, was one of the most popular exhibits. The show was held on the show-ground to a boy named Brennan, who was standing near the horse-parade, when a draught horse kicked him, breaking his leg. Dr. Wrigley attended to the sufferer. The show hall, which was held last evening, was a great success.

COLLISIONS OFF BRADLEY'S HEAD.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

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front of the best institutions of its kind. The report presented at the last annual meeting of its governors and subscribers points to causes which should make it the one great hospital for Sydney. The defects in its Act of Incorporation, referred to by the chairman, can be amended promptly; and to save trouble the necessary changes ought to be made in the next session of Parliament. When that is done it will be wise not to place the franchise too low. It would be disastrous for such an institution to be at the mercy of a large gathering of persons who had qualified themselves to vote for the directors and other things by the payment of five shillings. Perhaps the best reform would be to get rid of the public altogether, and make it wholly, as it is already to the extent of five-sixths, a Government institution. Some other comparatively minor points were named which the new directors may at once take in hand. The unique position of this hospital arises partly from the excellent work which is now able to do. Its situation from a sanitary point of view is good; but that it is easily accessible to those who need its help, is seen in the fact that all its beds are always full. During the fifteen months preceding December 31, 1884, 1854 received treatment: 48 per cent. were discharged cured, and 25 per cent. were relieved. The report states that the pressure for space has been so great that only urgent cases have been taken in, and some of the patients were in a dying condition when received. As an accident of considerable work has been done. The number of accident cases admitted was 211, and the number of operations exceeded 200, some of them being of a severe and complicated character. Besides the commendations given to the medical staff, and to the nurses, it is noticed that the healthfulness and comfort of the wards have proved in the highest degree beneficial to patients, and have enabled many to recover from severe illness and from operations when they might have sunk under less favourable conditions. The convenience of the hospital for general purposes is further indicated by the success of its out-patients' department. The number of attendances was 17,180, and accident or urgency cases attended as outdoor casualties have numbered 950. The total of these numbers is 20,070. That is sufficiently large to show that the Prince Alfred Hospital is well placed for public purposes.

One of the chief facts in the minds of the governors is the proximity of this institution to the Sydney University. The report states that the board has arranged with the Senate of the University and the Medical Board of the hospital for a course of hospital clinical study, in accord with the University curriculum, and 14 students have entered their names. The experience of the past three years shows that the cases admitted are of a type well adapted to afford clinical instruction. Present facilities for teaching and study are numerous, and will be complete when the building is finished. The proximity of the hospital to the University and the Medical School is a happy circumstance. New buildings are about to be added to the University which will have their value doubled by the neighbourhood of the hospital. The report and the speeches called attention to the fact that such an institution should look to the training of nurses and medical men as well as to the welfare of the sick and maimed. At present, the medical superintendent delivers lectures on medical and surgical work to the nurses—a direction in which possibly a great deal more will be done as time goes on. There is every reason why a nurse's capabilities should go far beyond ordinary attention to the sick by giving medicine and making a bed. The University and the hospital may be regarded as essential to one another. The benefit to patients in the latter will be of smaller account than that which may arise through procuring a high standard of professional excellence both of medical men and nurses in this country. No other institution can compete with the Prince Alfred Hospital in these respects. And the question now awaits an answer, Shall there be any other?

A good many memories linger around the old spot in Macquarie-street, and upon it a building has been projected that should rival its younger neighbour in appearance and cost, and perhaps in some other things. At present, those who began to build are not able to finish. Is it needful that they should? In answering that question several points present themselves. Very delicately the report under review hints at the possible interference with private medical practice. Patients in the Prince Alfred Hospital are expected to pay a part of the cost of their treatment. It is known that persons who can afford to pay all the full rates charged are not unwilling to enter the institution because of its superior advantages. During the four quarters of 1884 the sum of £2200 was received in this order—March, £440; June, £2401; September, £238; December, £222. The average period for patients paying £1 per week is 25 days; the average for those who pay less is 40 days. The moral of this record lies on its surface. The best-paying patient soon recovers; the poorest patient takes his time about it. The first idea of a hospital is that it is a charity; how far beyond that should the Government be expected to go in providing hospital accommodation? If the numbers of sick poor are to suggest a limit to the amount of hospital accommodation, how much do we want more than can be provided within the University grounds? The original design of the Prince Alfred Hospital provides for four additional pavilions—that is, the complete hospital, with the isolated cottages, would provide for nearly 500 patients. With the establishment at Little Bay available for patients recovering from acute diseases, and the possibility of enlarging that at a small outlay, what more will be needed for general purposes for many years to come? The report intimates that for an outlay of £1800 one of the additional pavilions might be made available for use. Two more pavilions might be erected for the sum of £26,000, and in this way the wants of the city be amply provided for under the most advantageous conditions. Mr. STUART hesitated to find this extra money; but Parliament would probably vote it without demur, if the original donor to the Prince Alfred Fund would hand over all their claims and rights, and leave the Government sole owner and manager of the institution. The administrative portions of the hospital are said to be equal to the services of the four additional pavilions. If these extensions were made the ratio of expenditure would be decreased, and the "one"

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The latest advices from Egypt contain some ominous intelligence with regard to the movements of the Arabs in the Sudan. They are circling round the walls at Abukle, to which the British forces under General Sir Redvers Buller have retired, and are harassing the troops; and at Tasmal, between Suakin and Berber, the country which is to be the battleground of the New South Wales troops, they are gathering under Osman Digna in enormous numbers. Amongst other important information in our cable messages this morning is the announcement that Lord Derby has telegraphed to the Governors of Victoria, South Australia, and Queensland, declining for the present the offer of the troops for the

Government. The statement published on Saturday that at Melong on Thursday evening Mr. E. W. Mawson, agricultural lecturer, said that the Government, in the parish of Bryndwr, near Melong, was in every way a suitable site for a model farm where reformatory boys could be trained to agricultural pursuits, and thus become useful members of society, instead of being as at present sent into the streets of Sydney to become accomplished hooligans. The Coroner has been apprised of the occurrence. They are to be held in a specially convened court of enquiry, and to determine whether the boy was guilty of assault and battery, or whether he was acting in self-defence. The Coroner has also been apprised of the occurrence. They are to be held in a specially convened court of enquiry, and to determine whether the boy was guilty of assault and battery, or whether he was acting in self-defence.

The acting superintendent of the Electric Telegraph Department informs us that telegraphic communication by the cables between Suakim and between Suakin and Port Said, at the entrance to the Red Sea, is interrupted.

Mr. W. B. Dalley is compelled to devote so much attention to matters relating to the despatch of

the expedition to the Sudan that he finds it will be impossible for him to be present to-morrow at the banquet at Raymond Terrace to be given to Mr. R. H. D. White, M.L.A. The Minister for Mines and the Minister for Public Instruction will however attend, and may possibly be accompanied by the Postmaster-General.

The health authorities have recently been taking vigorous and timely steps to suppress the importation into this colony of vermin, and discord fruit intended to be converted into jam. On Saturday morning Inspector Syme seized another cask of raspberries, imported from Tasmania in the steamer *Nova*, on the ground that the fruit had fermented and was unfit for consumption. Dr. Dansey, City Health Officer, gave it as his opinion that these raspberries were made into jam the consumers would probably be seized with diarrhoea, and several other medical men have concurred in this opinion. This cask and another which had been seized on Friday were brought to the Water Police Court on Saturday morning, and Mr. Smithers, J.P., ordered the fruit to be destroyed.

The Sydney Light Horse mustered in strong force on Saturday at the Agricultural Society's Ground, and went through an afternoon's drill, towards the close of which the troops displayed an improvement in drill which promised much for their future efficiency. The exercises were watched by a large number of spectators, who looked with interest on the unusual spectacle, especially when the pace was increased. As the corps desires to make the best preparation possible before the 3rd proximo, a mounted parade will be held at 4 o'clock this afternoon in Moore Park.

The cricket match between the combined Australian Eleven and the English team was resumed on Saturday, and was patronised by about 10,000 spectators. Contrary to expectation, Garrett and Evans made a determined stand against the English bowling, the former scoring 51 (not out), and the latter 33, the cricket displayed by both batmen being excellent. The innings terminated for a good total of 181. The English players made very little headway against the bowling of Spofforth and Horas, backed up as it was by smart fielding, and at one stage of the innings there was every probability of a follow-on; but this was avoided by the vigorous hitting of Flower, Attwell, and Hunter, and the innings closed for 133, leaving the Australians in a majority of 48. It is expected that the match will prove close and exciting, and to-day's play will no doubt be worth watching.

The harbour of Port Jackson was saluted on Saturday afternoon by an aquatic carnival, in which nearly 100 yachts and boats, representing all the clubs of the harbour, took part. A number of evolutions were performed, and the fleet proved a gratifying success. The spectacular effects produced by the ever-changing positions of the many sailboats were very attractive, and a new movement in Sydney boating was introduced with appropriate surroundings.

At the conclusion of his sermon on Saturday afternoon at the Town Hall on Thursday last, by which Mr. Waring, the Town Clerk, had a very narrow escape from instantaneous death. On the day named a very large Union Jack was flying at half-mast on the tower of the Town Hall, out of respect to the memory of General Gordon. On the top of the tower at each corner, there are four large ornamental vases weighing each about lowt; round one of these vases it was noticed that the flag had become entangled, through the high wind that was blowing during the day. Soon after this was noticed Mr. Waring was sitting in his office reading, when he heard a terrific crash, and discovered that one of the vases had fallen about a yard away from him, and had almost buried itself in the floor, and on looking up it was found that the vase had passed through the roof and ceiling, tearing away the slate and plaster in its fall. It is supposed that the vase was hurled from the tower by the flag being caught by a heavy gust of wind, as it was mentioned afterwards that the flag was considerably torn.

This following is the report of the Prince Alfred Hospital for the week ending 21st instant at last report:—Number of in-patients: Males, 80; females, 62—total, 142. Since admission, 22; deaths, 1—total, 141. Died: Males, 1; females, 1—total, 1. Remaining in hospital: Males, 81; females, 61—total, 142.

There were present—Mr. J. F. Mackenzie Examiner of Coalfields; Mr. Fletcher, jun., manager of the Cooperative Colliery; Mr. J. S. Green, late manager of the Waratah Company; and Mr. W. E. Mort. The coal was pronounced to be of excellent quality, and it will be on view in the Exchange during the present week. This is the second seam of coal passed through in this boring. The former was discovered at a depth of 310 feet, and is 5 feet 8 inches thick, with a half-inch band. The bore is 2½ inches in diameter.

At ten minutes past 7 o'clock on Saturday morning a slight accident occurred on the suburban railway line. At Redmyre the automatic brake on the second-class carriage of the train got jammed and could not be loosened. The carriage was dragged along the line as far as Burwood, where a stoppage was made for about 18 minutes, and the brake was removed.

The *Fif Times* of January 28 related that considerate feeling has been created in the town by the absence of anything like ordinary decency in connection with the burial on the preceding Saturday of a European patient who had died in the hospital on the previous day. The man being dead, Captain Olive was requested to supply a pauper's coffin, which he did. The body was laid in this naked pine shell and placed on a hand truck. The garter applied four prisoners with a warden in charge, and thus, without anything to decently cover the bare shell from general view, the poor relic of humanity was conveyed at a run through the public streets, the prisoners yelling and howling as they raced the truck along, while the coffin jolted and jumped about as the hand truck was hurried over the rougher portions of the thoroughfare. Arriving at the cemetery, the hand truck was lowered into a hole, the earth shovelled in, and without word of prayer or anything to distinguish the burial from that of a dog, the business was finished.

Turns is now (says the Melbourne *Daily Telegraph*) pending against Mr. Joseph Symes, the *Advertiser* legal representative, £2000 for his holding seconder concerts on Sunday. It is brought under the Act 21 G. 3, &c. 40. On an application on Thursday on behalf of the plaintiff, Mr. Bens, Mr. Justice Williams granted a postponement of the trial until the question whether the Act is in force in the colony should be determined by the Full Court. The similar case of M'Hugh v. Robertson has already been postponed for a similar reason, and will therefore probably be the first to be tried.

A singular occurrence (says the *Bentleigh Chronicle*) happened at the Town Hall on Thursday last, by which Mr. Waring, the Town Clerk, had a very narrow escape from instantaneous death. On the day named a very large Union Jack was flying at half-mast on the tower of the Town Hall, out of respect to the memory of General Gordon. On the top of the tower at each corner, there are four large ornamental vases weighing each about lowt; round one of these vases it was noticed that the flag had become entangled, through the high wind that was blowing during the day. Soon after this was noticed Mr. Waring was sitting in his office reading, when he heard a terrific crash, and discovered that one of the vases had fallen about a yard away from him, and had almost buried itself in the floor, and on looking up it was found that the vase had passed through the roof and ceiling, tearing away the slate and plaster in its fall. It is supposed that the vase was hurled from the tower by the flag being caught by a heavy gust of wind, as it was mentioned afterwards that the flag was considerably torn.

This following is the report of the Prince Alfred Hospital for the week ending 21st instant at last report:—Number of in-patients: Males, 80; females, 62—total, 142. Since admission, 22; deaths, 1—total, 141. Died: Males, 1; females, 1—total, 1. Remaining in hospital: Males, 81; females, 61—total, 142.

THE BRITISH JURISDICTION IN NEW GUINEA.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ADELAIDE, SATURDAY.

His Excellency the Governor received the following from Lord Derby on Friday:

His Excellency the Governor has very seriously considered the telegram which has been received from the Australian colonies urging that this country should contribute towards the expenditure upon the management of the New Guinea territory placed under British jurisdiction. His Excellency's Government will not refuse to consider the matter, but will require a special representation from the German Government, in order that the German occupation of part of New Guinea may be discontinued, and that the German occupation, contrary to the wishes of the colonies, may increase the obligation and difficulties of the position, and the duty incumbent on Her Majesty's Government of protecting the natives of the colony, who are in a state of constant alarm at the destruction of property and increase in the cost of maintaining a garrison in the colony.

His Excellency the Governor has also received a special representation from the German Government, in order that the German Government may increase the cost of maintaining a garrison in the colony.

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for larger number than can possibly be taken have volunteered, and that the contingent has almost been completed.

Lieut. Owen, son of Major Owen, of Wollongong, is among the gentlemen who have proffered their services.

On Saturday Mr. Dalley received a communication, similar to one sent him two days previously, from a deserter from the Permanent Artillery, who begged that he might be permitted to return and go with his comrades to the war. Mr. Dalley acquiesced.

The following men were enrolled on Saturday:—

Robert Hunter Frank Buckley Joseph Wright Benjamin Rhodes Thomas Lawrence James Jackson John Parsons Hector Chapman Henry Price John P. Trotter James Johnston Lawrence G. Roache Thomas M'Kee William John Kerr James Paterson Oliver Goss Thomas Mulroney Ernest Pearcey Frank Buchanan Francis Kennedy

The total numbers enrolled are as follows:—477 men, 55 officers, non-commissioned officers and staff, Total, 532 rank and file. Applications to be allowed to join continue to come in, notwithstanding the fact that the lists have been closed, and actually more men have been enlisted than are required. The grandiose ground of Saturday afternoon formed a striking spectacle. Crowds of citizens of both sexes paraded the grounds, and the whole of the volunteers for the Soudan were drawn up and told off into companies, afterwards being put through company drill. The appearance of the men, so far as height and physique are concerned, was very good, and in these respects the force will reflect credit upon the colony. As regards uniform, the appearance of the companies was odd, many of the men being in civilian costume, whilst many wore the dress of the respective New South Wales regiments to which they previously belonged, and some were in naval uniform. However, the evolutions through which they were put were executed in a manner which showed that the great majority of the men were quite at home on the parade ground. A few more such exercises will render them proficient in that department of drill. The roll was called at 7 o'clock yesterday morning, and the companies were released. It was called again at 10 o'clock, and afterwards at 2 in the afternoon, when all the men not on duty were allowed to leave the barracks. On Saturday night a general assembly, and also last evening, the band school was visited by thousands of men. Oxford-street, in the vicinity being thronged with crowds, either going to or returning from the barracks, many men in uniform being mingled with the throng. The enthusiasm on the part of the visitors was very marked, and everywhere the volunteers were the heroes of the hour.

VARIOUS MATTERS.

The horse selection committee were busily employed on Friday and Saturday in selecting horses and despatching them to the temporary military stables in Moore Park, where 150 animals are housed. The Hon. F. A. Wright has visited the place, and expressed himself pleased with the selection made. There are now about 80 men located in the Agricultural Society's grounds attending to these horses. The operations of the men having been injuriously affected by numbers of strangers, who, in the course of inspecting the animals, have rendered a few of them somewhat wild. The authorities therefore desire visitors to the ground to refrain from meddling with the horses. Mr. Wright has also visited the troophop Australasian, and found the work of the shipwrights in an advanced stage. This steamer will carry on deck about 100 horses, which will be placed heads in good score stalls, covered by canvas roofs.

What is considered to be a very perfect map of "The Soudan Egyptian," published under the direction of the Government of France, has been submitted to the Ministry, and instructions have been given to the Government Printer to photo-lithograph 100 copies, which are to be ready by 9 o'clock this morning. The map is about 2 feet 6 inches square, and copies of it are to be supplied to the officers forming part of the expedition.

The Minister for Works had an interview with the Commandant on Saturday, with respect to the question of a band accompanying the expedition, and the result was, we learn, that it was decided that a small band should form part of the contingent. It is probable that either a portion of the Permanent Artillery band will be sent, or that the service will be accepted of other persons who may volunteer as musicians.

A number of applications have been received from ministers of religion who desire to accompany the troops as chaplains, and on Saturday the Primate of Australia wrote asking whether the Government contemplated making any provision for gentlemen to fill that office. After the fullest consideration, it has been resolved that no chaplain shall accompany the forces. It is felt that the contingent being a small one, and consisting of men of many religious persuasions, it would, if provision were made for a chaplain, be impossible to refuse the acceptance of the services of any minister belonging to a congregation of which members of the force were members. The difficulty of transport will be very great, and moreover, it is considered that in all probability military chaplains of the leading religious denominations will be attached to the army in Egypt, and that therefore no necessity exists for special provision to be made in this colony.

SUGGESTIONS BY CORRESPONDENTS.

We have received a large number of letters on the subject of the expedition, several of them making various suggestions in connection with it:—

Two Civil servants write:—"Sir.—We beg to suggest that the members of the Civil Service resident by Sydney meet and discuss the possibility of a scheme of voluntary taxation, the proceeds of which should be used for the support of our military contingent in the Soudan, and to which all whose services should be invited to join. Let us suppose some such scale of self-sacrifice taxation as this:—General Division: 1st class, 5 per cent. annual deduction from salary; 2nd and 3rd, 3 per cent.; 4th, 1 per cent.; 5th and 6th, 1 per cent. Industrial Division: 1st class, 10 per cent.; 2nd, 8 per cent.; 3rd, 6 per cent. Educational Division: 1st class, 1 per cent.; 2nd, 1 per cent. Educational Fund, &c., to be collected by the Government of New South Wales, and that therefore no necessity exists for special provision to be made in this colony."

Mr. R. D. Drew, of Brookwood, suggested that the larger steamship proprietors should contribute to the fund, and that the smaller steamship proprietors to run their steamers to the Heads on the occasion of the departure of the troops, a small charge to be made upon the passengers, and the money thus collected handed over to the patriotic fund. The writer is also of opinion that a procession of steamers ought to form to accompany the troops when they pass the Heads.

"G. H. S." thinks that this colony is pursuing the policy of showing fight when there is no need for it. If England were to offer one-third the pay offered by the colony she could get a million pounds in a month, and, in fact, no need of colonial assistance.

"White Pantaloons" gives the troops three cautions.

Wear flannel cloths for the prevention of cholera, diarrhoea, &c., use quinine to ward off fever, and avoid the native liquors and spirits.

Mr. Clarence, who has written to us in 10 years in tropical countries, warns the troops not to drink more water in the Soudan than is absolutely necessary, to avoid spirits, and to purchase freely of ripe fruit and vegetables when obtainable.

"Vic." encloses for the information of the proprietors a quotation on the value of the land and properties of the Soudan. For valuable work "The Surgeon's Pocket Book." The quotation in question recommends that every soldier should carry in a specified portion of his tunics one of Professor Barnes' triangular bandages, measuring 4 feet at the base by 10 inches. The bandage is to be folded in half and carried in a pocket.

"Waverley" considers that the offer of troops by the colony is extravagant and without reason. He says: "At whose instigation are our citizens, most of them men, fitted by their daily pursuit to be good citizens and hardy soldiers? They have been drafted from their homes and families. If they then go on to ask who will guard the shield at home in the absence of their proper defenders."

"W. A." suggests the propriety of a special church service for the volunteers prior to their departure.

"A. J. S." of Allora is of opinion that a public meeting should be held on the night before the departure of the troops in order that prayer might be offered up for their safety and for the speedy restoration of peace.

"Old King's School Boy" points out to the government that the sum of £1000 per annum should be given, and that the same should be divided by the codets of the school, in offering to subscribe £1000 per annum towards the Patriotic Fund.

"The Promoter of the Flower Mission to the Infirmary" suggests that, to meet the patriotic feelings of the public, the sum of £1000 should be given, and that the same should be held up and waved when the farewell cheers are being given, while each child might carry a cornstalk. The writer says, in conclusion, that the flowers could be left with the infirmary, or at the other public institutions, to give pleasure to the inmates, or to be retained as souvenirs of the day.

Another suggests that the publicans of Sydney should show their loyalty by closing their houses from 1 to 3 p.m., so that they and their employees might attend at the farewell demonstration to the troops.

In our issue of Saturday, in the list of patriotic subscribers, the name W. H. Sulley was inadvertently given instead of W. H. Sulley, and the name of the firm of Edward Horner and Sons, the offer to paint and inscribe 50 kits should have been inscribed to Mr. H. H. Williams, 88, George-street, West, instead of to Mr. White.

Sir John writes:—"Sir.—In his account of the Patriotic Fund, my wife is mentioned as having been present, but as it happened she was not there; and in the next place, the amount of my subscription to the Patriotic Fund is erroneously stated."

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

OFFERS FROM THE OTHER COLONIES DECLINED.

MELBOURNE, SUNDAY.

The Premier on Saturday received a cable message substantially bearing out a telegram previously received to the effect that the British Government had come to a conclusion, notwithstanding the fact that the lists have been closed, and actually more men have been enlisted than are required. The grandiose ground of Saturday afternoon formed a striking spectacle. Crowds of citizens of both sexes paraded the grounds, and the whole of the volunteers for the Soudan were drawn up and told off into companies, afterwards being put through company drill. The appearance of the men, so far as height and physique are concerned, was very good, and in these respects the force will reflect credit upon the colony. As regards uniform, the appearance of the companies was odd, many of the men being in civilian costume, whilst many wore the dress of the respective New South Wales regiments to which they previously belonged, and some were in naval uniform. However, the evolutions through which they were put were executed in a manner which showed that the great majority of the men were quite at home on the parade ground. A few more such exercises will render them proficient in that department of drill. The roll was called at 7 o'clock yesterday morning, and the companies were released. It was called again at 10 o'clock, and afterwards at 2 in the afternoon, when all the men not on duty were allowed to leave the barracks. On Saturday night a general assembly, and also last evening, the band school was visited by thousands of men. Oxford-street, in the vicinity being thronged with crowds, either going to or returning from the barracks, many men in uniform being mingled with the throng. The enthusiasm on the part of the visitors was very marked, and everywhere the volunteers were the heroes of the hour.

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Auction Sales.

To Butchers and the Trade generally.
TO-MORROW, Tuesday, February 24, at 11 a.m. Sharp.
On the Premises, 51, Hanover-street, Waterloo.
The Business will be sold, comprising BUILDINGS
in full operation, together with the whole of the
Household Furniture and Effects at above address.—Couches,
Tables, Chairs, Drawing-rooms, Library, Bedchamber,
BONNEY AND CO. have been favoured with Instructions
(on account of the proprietor's immediate departure
from the colony), to sell by public auction. The above, without
reserve. Terms, 10 per cent., 1st March—street.

WEDNESDAY, 25, FEBRUARY.

TEA, SUGARS
OILS, COTTONS
GROCERIES
100 CASES HALL-SARDINES
100 BOXES TUNAS
25 CASES PRIME FRUDES
100 TINS CURE SUGARS
50 BARRELS CURED LOAF SUGAR, &c., &c.

FIRASER AND CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, Saturday, February 25, at 8 o'clock.

ARGO OF FIRST-CLASS KAURI,

Ex Spanish Felix.

Comprising

DRESSED KAURI,

1,000 feet 5 x 7, and G. Scoring

1,000 feet 6 x 7 ditto

1,375 feet 10 x 1 ditto

1,440 feet 10 x 1 ditto

7,325 feet 8 x 1 ditto

6,375 feet 14 x 1 ditto</div

